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Graphical Abstracts/J. Fluorine Chem. 128 (2007) 683-690

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 699

A well feasible and general route to (organoethynyl)difluoroboranes, $R_HC = CBF_2$, and their perfluorinated analogues, $R_FC = CBF_2$

Vadim V. Bardin^a, Nicolay Yu. Adonin^a, Hermann-Josef Frohn^b

 $K[RC \equiv CBF_3]_{(s)} + BF_{3(g)}$ $\xrightarrow{PFP \text{ or } PFB}$ $RC \equiv CBF_2 (> 90\%)$

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Chemistry, SB RAS, Acad. Lavrentjev Ave. 9, 630090

 $R = C_4H_9, (CH_3)_3C, CF_3, C_3F_7, (CF_3)_2CF, CF_3CF=CF, C_4F_9CF=CF, C_6F_5, PFP = CF_3CH_2CHF_2, PFB = CF_3CH_2CF_2CH_3$

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A well feasible and general route to (organoethynyl)difluoroboranes, RHC≡CBF₂, and their perfluorinated analogues, RFC≡CBF₂.

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 703

Multi-step reactions of *N*-monosubstituted (polyfluoroalkane)thioamides with alkyllithium reagents

Sergiy S. Mikhailichenko^a, Alexander V. Rudnichenko^a, Vadim M. Timoshenko^a, Alexander N. Chernega^a, Yuriy G. Shermolovich^a, Fabienne Grellepois^b, Charles Portella^b

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Reactions of t-BuLi or MeLi with N-alkylamides of polyfluoroalkanethioncarboxylic acids containing an α -proton on the N-alkyl substituent and a polyfluoroalkyl substituent larger than CF3 gave N-monosubstituted α , β -unsaturated fluorinated thioamides.

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 710

Microwave assisted Diels-Alder cycloaddition of 2-fluoro-3-methoxy-1,3-butadiene

Timothy B. Patrick, Keith Gorrell, James Rogers

Department of Chemistry, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, IL 62026, USA

The title compound, **2**, undergoes Diels-Alder cyclization with a number of dienophiles. The reactions occur in moderate yield thermally, but occur in very good yield with microwave radiation.

The high-temperature alicyclic ring contraction of 1,1-dichloroperfluorotetralin and the alicyclic ring opening of 1,1-dichloroperfluorobenzocyclobutene

Victor M. Karpov, Tatyana V. Mezhenkova, Vyacheslav E. Platonov

N.N. Vorozhtsov Novosibirsk Institute of Organic Chemistry, Novosibirsk 630090, Russia

$$CF_2$$
 $CHCIF_2$
 $CHCIF_2$

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 718

Polyhalogenoheterocyclic compounds. Part 54: [1] Suzuki reactions of 2,4,6-tribromo-3,5-difluoropyridine

Hadjar Benmansour a , Richard D. Chambers a , Graham Sandford a , Andrei S. Batsanov b , Judith A.K. Howard b

bChemical Crystallography Group, Department of Chemistry, University of Durham, South Road, Durham DH1 3LE, UK

Palladium catalysed Suzuki cross-coupling reactions between 2,4,6-tribromo-3,5-difluoropyridine and aromatic boronic acid derivatives are reported

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 723

Trifluoromethylated cyclopropanes and epoxides from CuI-mediated transformations of α -trifluoromethyl-diazophosphonate

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An efficient method for transformation of diethyl 1-diazo-2,2,2-trifluoroethylphosphonate to α -(trifluoromethyl)-cyclopropylphosphonates and α -(trifluoromethyl)-1,2-epoxyphosphonates has been developed.

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Hexafluorothioacetone based synthesis of fluorinated heterocycles

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Thermal 1,3-proton shift reaction and its application for operationally convenient and improved synthesis of α -(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine

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Intramolecular cycloaddition of fluorinated 1,3,4-oxadiazoles to dienes

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^dN.D. Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry, Russian Academy of Sciences, Leninsky prospect 47, 117913 Moscow, Russian Federation

A number of acyclic and cyclic dienes, either conjugated or unconjugated, were studied in cycloaddition reactions with fluorinated 1,3,4-oxadiazoles. The reactions resulted in the products of both double cycloaddition (7-oxabicycloheptane compounds) and intramolecular cycloaddition (oxatricyclic and oxatetracyclic compounds). The structure of 4-(trifluoromethyl)-2-ethoxycarbonyl-1,6-dimethyl-3-oxatricyclo[2.2.1.0^{2,6}]heptane was confirmed by single crystal X-ray diffraction analysis.

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A new approach to fluorinated 4(3H)-quinazolinones

Anastacia A. Layeva^a, Emilia V. Nosova^a, Galina N. Lipunova^a, Tatyana V. Trashakhova^a, Valerii N. Charushin^b

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Preparation of 1-aryl-2,2-difluoro enol esters via dehydrosulfonylation of α -(phenylsulfonyl)difluoromethylated benzoates

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Fluorinated lithium 1,3-diketonates as reagents to modify podands and crown-ethers

Nadezhda S. Boltachova^a, Olga V. Fedorova^a, Irina G. Ovchinnikova^a, Olga N. Kazheva^b, Anatoliy N. Chekhlov^b, Oleg A. Dyachenko^b, Gennady L. Rusinov^a, Vera I. Filyakova^a, Valeriy N. Charushin^a

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^bInstitute of Problems of Chemical Physics, Russian Academy of Sciences, Chernogolovka 142432, Russia

Fluorinated enaminoketones bearing two independent coordination centers (polyether's and fluorinated enaminoketones fragments) have been obtained. The crystal structure of Cu(II) complex of 1,5-bis-[2-(4',4',4'-trifluoro-1'-methyl-3'-oxo-but-1'-enylamino)phenoxy]-3-oxapentane (10) was studied by X-ray crystallography.

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 762

A route to fluorocontaining N,S-heterocycles via octafluoro-2,3-epoxybutane

Lyudmila V. Saloutina, Aleksandr Ya. Zapevalov, Victor I. Saloutin, Pavel A. Slepukhin, Mikhail I. Kodess, Valentina E. Kirichenko, Marina G. Pervova, Oleg N. Chupakhin Institute of Organic Synthesis, Urals Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences, 22/20 S. Kovalevskoy/Academicheskaya, GSP-147, 620041 Ekaterinburg, Russia

The reaction of octafluoro-2,3-epoxybutane with 2-aminothiophenol in dimethylsulfoxide and N,

N-dimethylacetamide gave mainly 2-trifluoromethyl-2-[1-(2-aminophenylthio)-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]-1,3-benzothiazolidine. A similar reaction in toluene, dioxane, tetrahydrofuran, dimethoxyethane and acetonitrile yielded 2,3-bis(trifluoromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1,4-benzothiazin-2-ol. Formation of minor 5a,11a-bis(trifluoromethyl)-5a,6,11a,12-tetrahydro-5,11-dithia-6,12-diazanaphthacene was observed in all solvents tested with the exception of toluene and dioxane. The molecular structure of the *RS*,*SR*-diastereomer of 2,3-bis(trifluoromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-1, 4-benzothiazin-2-ol, 5a,11a-bis(trifluoromethyl)-5a,6,11a,12-tetrahydro-5,11-dithia-6,12-diazanaphthacene and the *RS*,*SR*-diastereomer of 2-trifluoromethyl-2-[1-(2-aminophenylthio)-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]-1,3-benzothiazolidine has been established by X-ray crystallography.

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The transformations of fluoroalkyl-containing 2-arylhydrazono-1,3-dicarbonyl compounds with methylamine

E.V. Shchegol'kov, Ya.V. Burgart, V.I. Saloutin

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Fluoroalkylated 1,2,3-triketone 2-arylhydrazones and 2-arylhydrazono-3-oxo esters react variously with methylamine depending on the structure of the fluorinated substituent. 2-Arylhydrazono-1,3-dicarbonyl compounds having "short" fluoroalkyl substituents condense with methylamine at the carbonyl group attached to the non-fluorinated substituent whereas ones containing a lengthy polyfluoroalkyl substituent undergo haloformic cleavage as a result of the amine addition at the carbonyl group bearing such a substituent. The resulting 2-arylazo-3-(*N*-methyl)amino-1-polyfluoroket-2-en-1-ones and 1-(*N*-methyl)amino-2-arylhydrazono-3-fluoroalkyl-3-oxopropanamides have complexing properties, and they can bind to nickel(II) and copper(II) ions. Nickel chelates can be obtained by a three-component condensation of 2-arylhydrazono-1,3-dicarbonyl compounds and methylamine in the presence of nickel(II) cations.

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NMe,

18-22

28-32

94-99%

Amphiphilic perfluoroalkylated sulfones and sulfonate betaines

Robert Kaplánek, Oldřich Paleta

Department of Organic Chemistry, Institute of Chemical Technology, Prague, Technická 5, 16628 Prague 6, Czech Republic

Convenient synthesis of 3-fluoro-4,5-diphenylfuran-2(5H)-one from

$$R_{F} = C_{4}F_{9}; C_{6}F_{17}; C_{6}F_{17}$$
 $R_{F} = C_{4}F_{9}; C_{6}F_{17}; C_{6}F_{17}$
 $R_{F} = C_{4}F_{9}; C_{5}F_{17}; C_{6}F_{17}$
 $R_{F} = C_{4}F_{9}; C_{5}F_{17}; C_{5}F_{17}$
 $R_{F} = C_{4}F_{9}; C_{5}F_{17}; C_{5}F_{17}$

Recent advances in practice and theory of polyfluoroarene hydrodehalogenation

Vitalij D. Shteingarts

N.N. Vorozhtsov Institute of Organic Chemistry, Siberian Division of Russian Academy of Sciences, 630090 Novosibirsk, Russia

Concise and highly selective ways from readily available polyfluoro to much less accessible partially fluorinated arenes via hydrodehalogenation by means of reductive systems based on zinc are reviewed.

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 806

Competitive demethylation and substitution in N,N,N-trimethylanilinium fluorides

Haoran Sun, Stephen G. DiMagno

Department of Chemistry and Nebraska Center for Materials and Nanoscience, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, NE 68588-0304, USA

Fluorinations of trimethylanilinium triflates are complicated by competing, and exceptionally facile $S_{\rm N}2$ reactions in DMSO under anhydrous conditions.

 $X = NO_2$, CHO, CN, COPh, CF₃, CO₂CH₃, Br, H, CH₃, OCH₃

Fluoride-mediated selective cross-coupling reactions of alkyl halides and trimethyl(perfluoroalkyl)silanes, Me_3SiR_f ($R_f = CF_3$, C_2F_5) in the absence of any catalysts

Wieland Tyrra^a, Dieter Naumann^a, Silke Quadt^a, Sigrid Buslei^a, Yurii L. Yagupolskii^b, Mikhail M. Kremlev^b

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bInstitute of Organic Chemistry, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, Murmanskaya St. 5, UA-02094 Kiev, Ukraine

$$C_nH_{2n+1}X + Me_3SiCF_3 + [Cat]F \xrightarrow[-18^{\circ}C \text{ to r.t.} C_nH_{2n+1}CF_3 + Me_3SiF + [Cat]X,$$

 $X = Br, I; Cat = NMe_4, S(NMe_2)_3, Cs(15-Crown-5)_2$

$$C_n H_{2n+1} I + Me_3 SiC_2 F_5 + [Cs(15-Crown-5)_2] F \xrightarrow[-18^{\circ}C \text{ to r.t.}]{DME} C_n H_{2n+1} C_2 F_5 + Me_3 SiF + [Cs(15-Crown-5)_2] I.$$

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 818

Synthesis and Diels–Alder reactions of α -fluoro- and α -trifluoromethylacrylonitriles

Valentine G. Nenajdenko^a, Vasiliy M. Muzalevskiy^a, Aleksey V. Shastin^b, Elizabeth S. Balenkova^a, Günter Haufe^c

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°Organisch-Chemisches Institut, Westfälische

Wilhelms-Universität Münster, D-48149 Münster,

Germany

RCHO 1)
$$\frac{N_2H_5OH}{2) CBr_3X}$$
, $\frac{B_r}{CuCN} \times \frac{B_r}{X} \times \frac{CN}{X=F,CF_3} \times \frac{CN}{X} \times \frac{Ar}{X=CF_3} \times \frac{Ar}{CF_3} \times \frac{CN}{CF_3} \times \frac{Ar}{C} \times \frac{CN}{C} \times \frac{Ar}{C} \times \frac{CN}{C} \times \frac{CN}{C$

688

J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 827

Asymmetric hydroboration and Matteson homologation for the preparation of fluorinated α -phenethanols

P. Veeraraghavan Ramachandran, Michael P. Jennings

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The catalytic hydroboration-oxidation of ring-fluorinated styrenes

(F-PhCH=CH₂) was achieved with catecholborane along with a combination of $[Rh(COD)_2]^+BF_4^-$ and (R)-BINAP providing 81–96% enantioselectivities for the product alcohols for *ortho*-unhindered styrenes. A deleterious effect of a 2,6-disubstitution on the enantioselectivity of the product alcohol was observed. 2-Trifluoromethylstyrene also provides only 53% ee, probably due to the steric bulk of the CF₃ group at the *ortho*-position of styrene. Asymmetric homologation of fluorophenylmetals (magnesium bromide or lithium) with pinanediol α -chloroethylboronate, followed by oxidation readily furnished the desired 1-(2,6-difluorophenyl)- and 1-(perfluorophenyl)ethanols in 94–95% ee.

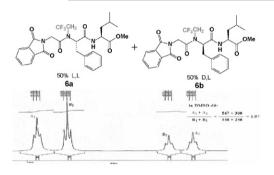
The first example of linear peptides containing a *N*-trifluoroethylated backbone amide linkage and the surprising solution dynamics observed by ¹⁹F NMR

Changqing Lu, Darryl D. DesMarteau

Department of Chemistry, Clemson University, Clemson, SC 29634, USA

¹⁹F NMR (21 °C, DMSO- d_6) of the two diasteromers of tripeptide **6**.

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J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 839

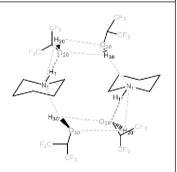
A crystalline H-bond cluster of hexafluoroisopropanol (HFIP) and piperidine. Structure determination by X ray diffraction

J.-F. Berrien^a, M. Ourévitch^a, G. Morgant^a, N.E. Ghermani^b, B. Crousse^a, D. Bonnet-Delpon^a

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^bLaboratoire PPB, UMR CNRS 8612, IFR 141, Faculté de Pharmacie Univ. Paris-Sud, 5 rue J.B. Clément, 92296 Châtenay-Malabry, France

Piperidine and 1,1,1-3,3,3 hexafluoro-2-propanol (HFIP) have been co-crystallized. Single-crystal X-ray analysis displays the existence of hydrogen bonding aggregates through dimers **1** of the complex [one piperidine/two HFIP) where the heteroatoms form a six-center ring. Each heteroatom is multiple H-bond donor and acceptor and the system forms supramolecular architecture.



The influence of fluorine on the asymmetric reduction of fluoromethyl ketones

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J. Fluorine Chem., 128 (2007) 844

A comparative study of the asymmetric reduction of representative aryl and alkyl α -fluoro- and α -chloromethyl ketones using (-)-diisopinocampheylchloroborane [(-)-DIP-ChlorideTM] and (-)-*B*-isopinocampheyl-9-borabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane [*R*-Alpine-Borane[®]] has been made. It was observed that DIP-ChlorideTM is superior in terms of the rate and enantioselectivity for both classes of halo-ketones. While the reduction of monofluoroacetone and trifluoroacetone with DIP-ChlorideTM provided the product alcohols in 61% ee and 96% ee, respectively, the reduction of difluoroacetone yielded only 5% ee. The influence of a lone halogen atom was not observed for monochloroacetone, all of which point towards a chelating effect in the presence of the Lewis acidic chloroborane.

A new preparation of trifluoromethanesulfinate salts

Bernard R. Langlois^{a,b,c,d,e}, Thierry Billard^{a,b,c,d,e}, Jean-Christophe Mulatier^{a,b,c,d,e}, Catherine Yezeguelian^{a,b,c,d,e}

^aICBMS, Institut de Chimie et Biochimie Moléculaires et Supramoléculaires, Equipe SERCOF, 43 Boulevard du 11 Novembre 1918, Villeurbanne F-69622, France

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eCPE Lyon, Villeurbanne F-69616, France

Various trifluoromethanesulfinates can be easily prepared from benzyl thiocyanate.

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A qualitative scale for the electron withdrawing effect of substituted phenyl groups and heterocycles

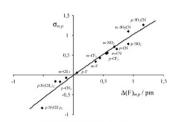
Berthold Hoge, Julia Bader

Institut für Anorganische Chemie, Universität zu Köln, D-50939 Köln, Germany

On the basis of DFT calculations, the electron withdrawing effect of a variety of F, O^- or NH⁻ substituted phenyl groups and heterocycles can be classified by the corresponding C–E bond lengths (E = F, O^- or NH⁻).

The defined constants $\Delta(E)_{m,p}$ – the difference of the E–C bond lengths of the substituted derivatives X-C₆H₄-E and the non-substituted phenyl derivative, C₆H₅-E – exhibit the same tendency as the corresponding Hammett constants ($\sigma_{m,p}$). The values of $\Delta(E)_{m,p}$ strongly depends on the nature of E.

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 $^{8} \Delta (d(XC_{6}H_{4}-F)-d(C_{6}H_{5}-F))_{m.p} / pm$

corresponding Hammett constants $(\sigma_{m,p})$. The values of $\Delta(E)_{m,p}$ strongly depends on the nature of E. With E = F, the resulting values $\Delta(F)_{m,p}$ are found to be accidentally close to the corresponding Hammett constants.

Synthesis of new pentafluorosulfanylacrylates (F₅SCH=CHCHO, F₅SCH=CHCN, F₅SCH=CHCOOCH₃) and use of them as dienophiles in Diels-Alder reaction

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New pentafluoro- λ^6 -sulfanylacrylates (I) were synthesized by a convenient and efficient method. These compounds are useful as intermediates in the preparation of pentafluoro- λ^6 -sulfanyl-containing cyclic, and heterocyclic Diels-Alder cycloadducts (II) and (III).

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$$\begin{array}{c|c} F_5S & & & & \\ \hline & R & & & \\ \hline Me & & & \\ Me & & & \\ \hline Me & & & \\ \hline (III) & & & \\ \hline R & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

R=CHO, CN, COOMe; X=O, CH₂

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Trifluoromethyl-containing *N*-acylmethylenequinone imines as novel highly electrophilic agents

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The first highly electrophilic CF₃-containing agents of the *N*-acylmethylenequinone imine class have been prepared. Their reactions with N-, O-, and C-nucleohiles have been studied.

A facile synthesis and herbicidal activities of novel fluorine-containing thiazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidin-7(6H)-ones

Ying Liang, Shuang Fan, Wen Yan Mo, Hong Wu He

Key Laboratory of Pesticide & Chemical Biology, Ministry of Education, Central China Normal University, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, PR China

Novel thiazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidine derivatives were designed and synthesized via a facile regioselective cyclization process. Bioassay indicated that most of the compounds showed significant herbicidal activities.

$$S \stackrel{\text{Ph}}{=} N \stackrel{\text{NHR}}{=} N \stackrel{\text$$